Unit 1			
Num	ber -	Geometry -	
Number & place value	Addition & subtraction	Properties of shapes	

Unit 5			
Num	ber -	Geometry -	
Number & place value	Addition & subtraction	Properties of shapes	

Unit 9		
Num	ber -	Geometry -
Number & place value	Addition & subtraction	Position & direction

Unit 2		
	ber -	Measurement (length &
Addition & subtraction	Addition & subtraction	height)

Unit 6		
Num Multiplication & division including Number & place value	ber - Multiplication & division	Measurement (mass)

	Unit 10	
Num Multiplication & division including Number & place value	ber - Multiplication & division	Measurement (length & height)

Unit 3			
Num	Number - Geometry -		
Number & place value	Multiplication & division	Position & direction	

Unit 7		
Num	ber -	Measurement (time)
Addition & subtraction	Addition & subtraction	

Unit 11		
Num	ber -	Geometry -
Addition & subtraction	Addition & subtraction	Properties of shapes

Unit 4		
Num.	ber - Fractions	Measurement (money)
subtraction	Tradions	

Unit 8			
Num	ber -	Measurement (volume &	
Number & place value	Fractions	capacity)	

Unit 12		
Num	ber -	Measurement
Multiplication & division	Fractions	(time)

Number – Number and place value Unit 1 Number – Addition and subtraction Geometry – Properties of shapes		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Number and place value	Week 1	
count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any	Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numeralsIdentify numbers to 20	1
given number count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals given a number, identify one more and one less	Given a number, identify one more and one lessUse the language of more than, less than	2
identify and represent numbers using objects and	Count, read and write numbers to 20	3
pictorial represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals practicing ordering [first, second, third] *	 Count to 20, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number Practice ordering (first, second, third,) 	4
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 2	
 read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 	 Read and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+) and equals (=) signs Understand addition as combining two sets of objects Use addition facts within 5 	1
	 Read and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+) and equals (=) signs Understand addition as counting on Use addition facts within 5, and then 10 	2
	 Read and interpret mathematical statements involving subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs Understand subtraction as taking away (counting back) Use subtraction facts within 5 	3
	 Read and interpret mathematical statements involving subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs Understand subtraction as taking away (counting back) Use subtraction facts within 5, and then 10 	4
Geometry – Properties of shapes	Week 3	
 recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] 	Recognise and name common 2-d shapes: circles, triangles, squares and rectangles	1
	 Recognise and name common 2-d shapes (circles, triangles, squares and rectangles) in different orientations and sizes 	2
	Distinguish a variety of triangles from other shapes	3
	Identify rectangles and squares	4

Unit 7 Number – Addition and subtraction Measurement (length and height)		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 1	
 read, write and interpret mathematical 	Recall addition facts within 5, then 10	1
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–)	Recall subtraction facts within 5, then 10	2
and equals (=) signs • represent and use number bonds and	Recall doubles of numbers to 5	3
related subtraction facts within 20 • solve one-step problems that involve addition and	Recall addition facts within 10 and work out the corresponding subtraction facts	4
subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	Week 2	
representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = \square – 9	Understand that addition can be done in any order realise the effect of using zero	1
	Understand subtraction as 'finding the difference'	2
	Solve simple addition and subtraction problems within the range 0–10 Solve simple missing number problems involving addition or subtraction	3
	• Solve simple addition and subtraction word problems within the range 0–10	4
Measurement (length and height)	Week 3	
compare, describe and solve practical problems for lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe and compare lengths	1
	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe and compare heights	2
shorter, tall/short, double/half] • measure and begin to record lengths and heights	Measure lengths, heights and widths using uniform non-standard units	3
- measure and begin to record lengths and neights	Measure lengths using rulers	4

^{*} Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Number – Number and place value Unit 3 Number – Multiplication and division Geometry – Position and direction		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Number and place value	Week 1	
count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	Count in multiples of twos	1
	Count in multiples of fives	2
	Count in multiples of tens	3
	Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	4
Number – Multiplication and division	Week 2	
solve one-step problems involving multiplication	Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in twos	1
and division, by calculating the answer using	Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in fives	2
concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in tens	3
understand multiplication and division through grouping and sharing small quantities *	Understand division through sharing small quantities	4
Geometry – Position and direction	Week 3	
describe position, directions and movements, including half, quarter and three-quarter turns	Understand and use words relating to direction and movement: left, right, up, down	1
	Understand and use a range of words relating to position: top, middle, bottom, above, below, between	2
	Describe movement, and recognise and make whole and half turns	3
	Describe movement, and recognise and make quarter and three-quarter turns	4

Number – Addition and subtraction Unit 4 Number – Fractions Measurement (money)		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 1	
read, write and interpret mathematical statements	Represent and use addition facts within 10, then 15	1
involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	Represent and use subtraction facts within 10, then 15	2
represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	 Solve simple addition and subtraction problems within the range 0–15 Solve simple missing number problems involving addition or subtraction 	3
 solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ − 9 	 Solve simple addition and subtraction word problems within the range 0–15 	4
Number – Fractions	Week 2	
 recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity 	• Recognise and find one half, (or $\frac{1}{2}$) of an object or shape	1
• recognise and combine halves as parts of a whole *	Understand that a half is one of two equal parts	
	• Recognise and find one half, (or $\frac{1}{2}$) of a quantity	2
	Understand that a half is one of two equal parts	
	• Recognise and find one half, (or $\frac{1}{2}$) of a length	3
	Understand that a half is one of two equal parts	
	Recognise and combine halves as part of one whole	4
Measurement (money)	Week 3	
recognise and know the value of different	• Recognise and understand the value of 1p, 2p, 5p and 10p coins	1
denominations of coins and notes	Recognise and understand the value of 20p and 50p coins	2
	Recognise and understand the value of £1 coins and £5 notes	3
	Solve problems involving money	4

^{*} Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Number – Number and place value Unit 5 Number – Addition and subtraction Geometry – Properties of shapes		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Number and place value	Week 1	
count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	Given a number, identify one more and one less Use the language of equal to, more than, less than, (fewer), most, least	1
count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and	Develop recognition of pattern in the number system – odd and even numbers	2
tens	Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and with shapes	3
 given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and with shapes * 	Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and with shapes	4
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 2	
 read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs 		4
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	 Solve simple one-step problems that involve addition or subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 	1
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs • represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • solve one-step problems that involve addition and	in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money	2
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs • represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money • Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 • Solve simple one-step problems that involve addition or subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money	·
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs • represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ – 9	in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 Solve simple one-step problems that involve addition or subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 Solve simple one-step word problems that involve addition in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Interpret and write mathematical statements involving addition Solve simple one-step word problems that involve subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Interpret and write mathematical statements involving subtraction	2
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs • represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems	in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 Solve simple one-step problems that involve addition or subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 Solve simple one-step word problems that involve addition in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Interpret and write mathematical statements involving addition Solve simple one-step word problems that involve subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money	2
statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs • represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ – 9	 in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 Solve simple one-step problems that involve addition or subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20 Solve simple one-step word problems that involve addition in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Interpret and write mathematical statements involving addition Solve simple one-step word problems that involve subtraction in familiar practical contexts, e.g. money Interpret and write mathematical statements involving subtraction Week 3 Recognise and name common 3-d shapes (cuboids, cubes, pyramids, spheres, cylinders and cones) in different orientations 	3

Unit 6 Number – Multiplication and division, inclu Measurement (mass)	ding Number and place value	
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Multiplication and division	Week 1	
solve one-step problems involving multiplication	Count in multiples of twos	1
and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and	Count in multiples of fives	2
arrays with the support of the teacher	Count in multiples of tens	3
 understand multiplication and division through grouping and sharing small quantities * make connections between arrays, number 	Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in twos, fives and tens	4
patterns and counting in twos, fives and tens *	Week 2	
,	Understand multiplication through grouping small quantities	1
Number – Number and place value	Solve simple one-step problems involving multiplication, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays	2
count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	Understand division through sharing small quantities	3
	Solve simple one-step problems involving division, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays	4
Measurement (mass)	Week 3	
compare, describe and solve practical problems for	Compare and describe the mass or weight of objects	1
mass or weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than lighter than)]	Compare the mass of objects using a balance	2
measure and begin to record mass/weight	Weigh objects and compare weights using uniform non-standard units	3
	Begin to weigh objects using weighing scales, and record weights	4

^{*} Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Unit 7 Number – Addition and subtraction Measurement (time)		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 1	
read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving	Recall addition facts for 10	1
addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	Recall doubles of all numbers to 5	2
represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	Identify near doubles using known doubles	
add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20,	Recall addition facts within 10	3
including zero	Use known addition facts within 10 to derive related facts	
realise the effect of adding and subtracting zero in order to	Recall subtraction facts within 10	4
establish addition and subtraction as related operations *	Use known subtraction facts within 10 to derive related facts	
solve one-step problems that involve addition and	Week 2	
subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	Relate addition to counting on	1
representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$	Recall addition facts within 10, then 20	
Such as 7 - 🗆 - 9	Relate subtraction to 'taking away' (counting back) Page 1 and tage 1 and tage 1 and	2
	Recall subtraction facts within 10, then 20 Add and subtract and digit and two digit numbers to 20, including zero.	0
	Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero Solve simple addition and subtraction missing number problems	3
	Represent and use addition and subtraction facts within 20	4
	Recognise patterns of similar calculations	_
	Realise the effect of adding and subtracting zero	
Measurement (time)	Week 3	
sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years	Identify and use the names of the days of the week and months of the 1 year, and year numbers	1
	Sequence events correctly, including seasons of the year, using appropriate language	2
	Read and understand times to the hour	3
tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times	Read and understand times to the hour and half past the hour	4

Number – Number and place value Unit 8 Number – Fractions Measurement (volume and capacity)		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Number and place value	Week 1	
 count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, 	Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	1
beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	Recognise place value in numbers to 20	2
 count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and 	Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations	3
pictorial represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least • read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	 Use the language of equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number 	4
Number – Fractions	Week 2	
recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	 Recognise and find one quarter, (or ¹/₄) of an object or shape Understand that a quarter is one of four equal parts 	1
recognise and combine quarters as parts of a whole *	• Recognise and find one quarter, (or $\frac{1}{4}$) of a quantity	2
	 Understand that a quarter is one of four equal parts Recognise and find one quarter, (or ¹/₄) of a length 	3
	Understand that a quarter is one of four equal parts Recognise and combine quarters as part of one whole	4
Measurement (volume and capacity)	Week 3	4
compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass or weight capacity/volume [for example, full/empty, more than,	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe and compare capacity/volume	1
less than, quarter]	Measure capacity using uniform non-standard measures	2
measure and begin to record capacity and volume	Measure capacity using uniform non-standard measures	3
	Measure capacity using the standard unit – litre	4

^{*} Notes and guidance (non-statutory)

Number – Number and place value Unit 9 Number – Addition and subtraction Geometry – Position and direction		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Number and place value	Week 1	
count to and across 100, forwards and backwards,	Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	1
beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number	Recognise place value in numbers beyond 20	2
count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals given a number, identify one more and one less identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and	Practice counting beyond 20, to indicate a quantity Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least	3
use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least • read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words • recognise place value in numbers beyond 20 *	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals	4
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 2	
read, write and interpret mathematical statements	Recall doubles of all numbers to 10	1
involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and	Identify near doubles, using doubles already known	2
 equals (=) signs represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 	Understand addition as counting on Understand that addition can be done in any order Solve one-step problems that involve addition	3
 20, including zero realise the effect of adding and subtracting zero in order to establish addition and subtraction as related operations * solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ - 9 	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs Use known addition and subtraction facts to 10 and 20 to derive related facts Realise the effect of adding and subtracting zero in order to establish addition and subtraction as related operations	4
Geometry – Position and direction	Week 3	
describe position, directions and movements, including half, quarter and three-quarter turns	Understand and use a range of words relating to position: on top of, underneath, in front of, behind, inside, outside	1
	Understand and use a range of words relating to position: around, near, close, far	2
	Understand and use a range of words relating to direction and movement: left, right, forwards and backwards	3
	Describe movement, and recognise and make whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns	4

Unit 10 Number – Multiplication and division, including Measurement (length and height)	ng Number and place value	
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Multiplication and division	Week 1	
solve one-step problems involving multiplication and	Count in multiples of twos	1
division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the	Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in twos	2
support of the teacher	Count in multiples of fives and tens	3
 understand multiplication and division through grouping and sharing small quantities * make connections between arrays, number patterns 	 Make connections between arrays, number patterns and counting in fives and tens 	4
	Week 2	
and counting in twos, fives and tens *	Understand multiplication through grouping small quantities	1
Number – Number and place value	Solve simple one-step problems involving multiplication, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays	2
count in multiples of twos, fives and tens	Understand division through sharing small quantities	
	Understand division through sharing small quantities	3
	 Solve simple one-step problems involving division, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays 	4
Measurement (length and height)	Week 3	
compare, describe and solve practical problems for:	Measure using a standard 30 cm ruler and understand what a metre rule is	1
lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/	Estimate and measure objects	2
shorter, tall/short, double/half]	Solve problems involving mass	3
 mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] measure and begin to record lengths and heights 	Solve problems involving mass	4

Unit 11 Number – Addition and subtraction Geometry – Properties of shapes		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Addition and subtraction	Week 1	
 read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals 	Recall addition and subtraction facts to 20 Recognise patterns of similar calculations	2
(=) signs	Realise the effect of adding and subtracting zero	
 represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero 	 Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems 	3
 solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems 	Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems	4
such as 7 = □ - 9	Week 2	
	 Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero 	1
	 Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations 	2
	Represent and use addition and related subtraction facts within 20	3
	 Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero 	4
Geometry – Properties of shapes	Week 3	
 recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] 	 Make patterns using 2-d shapes: circle, triangle, square and rectangle 	1
	 Recognise, name and sort common 2-d shapes in real life: circles, triangles, squares and rectangles 	2
	 Make patterns and models using 3-d shapes: cuboids, cubes, pyramids, spheres, cylinders and cones 	3
	 Recognise, name and sort common 3-d shapes in real life: cuboids, cubes, pyramids, spheres, cylinders and cones 	4

Number – Multiplication and division Unit 12 Number – Fractions Measurement (time)		
National Curriculum attainment targets Pupils should be taught to:	Lesson objectives Pupils will be taught to:	Lesson
Number – Multiplication and division	Week 1	
solve one-step problems involving multiplication	Double numbers and quantities	1
and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and	Find simple fractions of objects, numbers and quantities – halves	2
arrays with the support of the teacher	Find simple fractions of objects, numbers and quantities – quarters	3
double numbers and quantities *	Double numbers and quantities	4
 find simple fractions of objects, numbers and quantities * 	Find simple fractions of objects, numbers and quantities – halves and quarters	
Number – Fractions	Week 2	
 recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity connect halves and quarters to the equal sharing and grouping of sets of objects and to measures * 	 Recognise and find one half of an object or shape Recognise and find one quarter of an object or shape 	1
	Recognise and find one half of a quantity Recognise and find one quarter of a quantity	2
	Understand that two halves or four quarters are equal to one whole Understand that two quarters are equal to one half	3
 recognise and combine halves and quarters as parts of a whole * 	Connect halves and quarters to the equal sharing and grouping of sets of objects and to measures	4
Measurement (time)	Week 3	
compare, describe and solve practical problems for	• Read and order times to the hour and half past the hour	1
 time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds) tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times 	Draw hands on clocks to show and compare times	2
	Begin to understand how long a second, a minute and an hour is	3
	Solve problems related to time	4

^{*} Notes and guidance (non-statutory)